

Guide to Schedule 1(6) of the Firearms Act 1996 (Prohibited Firearms) Advice from Tasmania Police on How to Categorise Firearms

This document was prepared by Firearms Services for the purpose of providing guidance to firearms dealers, the public and internal stakeholders about the correct identification of firearms that would fall under Schedule 1 (Prohibited Firearms) and in particular Item (6), as highlighted below:

Firearms Act 1996 - Schedule 1

The following firearms are prohibited firearms:

- Any machine gun, submachine gun or other firearm capable of propelling projectiles in rapid succession during one pressure of the trigger.
- 2. Any self-loading rim-fire rifle.
- Any self-loading centre-fire rifle.
- 4. Any self-loading shotgun.
- Any pump action shotgun.
- 6. Any firearm that substantially duplicates in appearance a firearm referred to in item 1.
- Any firearm to which there is attached any article or device capable of muffling, reducing or stopping the noise created by firing the firearm.
- A pistol that is of a reduced or an abridged size.
- Any firearm or part of a firearm which has a dimension less than the prescribed minimum dimension.
- 10. A prohibited pistol.
- 11. Any ex-military firearm that is a firearm in relation to which a firearm licence may not be issued.
- 12. Any ordnance.

Under this Schedule, firearms that would ordinarily be classified as a Category A, B, C, D or H firearm under the Act, but which substantially duplicate in appearance:

- A machine gun;
- A submachine gun, or;
- Other firearm capable of propelling projectiles in rapid succession during one pressure of the trigger;

are considered prohibited firearms and therefore not registrable.

In consultation with the Department's ballistics experts, the following features have been identified as contributing to whether a firearm substantially duplicates a firearm as referred to in Item 1 of the Schedule:

- 1) Pistol grip
- 2) Fore-end shroud
- Detachable extended magazine shoud or similar
- Skeleton/folding/adjustable stock.

The presence of one or more of the above features on a firearm will result in an assessment and may result in it being categorised as a prohibited firearm. To assist with interpretation of how such an assessment and categorisation may occur, examples are provided below, depicting firearms that are considered to fall under the classification of Schedule 1(6).

It is to be understood that the below list are examples only and should not be taken as an exhaustive list. Firearms Services will review additional make/models as information becomes available and add to the list as necessary.

Should a firearms dealer be unsure about the classification of any firearm that is handled through their business, they are required to contact Firearms Services with a photo of the firearm in question so that a determination may be made by an expert accordingly.

Examples of Prohibited Firearms (by virtue of Schedule 1(6)













